

Name _____



Date _____

Introduction to Comparison Shopping

When shopping, often you need to look at more than an item's price, but other aspects as well. This is called **comparison shopping**. One thing you may look at is the **amount** of each item as well as the **price**. If you have found an item that sells for less per unit, then you have discovered the better **bargain!**

Example: Which is the better bargain?

2 Pounds of Bananas for \$1.00 **OR** 3 Pounds of Bananas for \$2.00?

To find the answer, divide the **cost** by the **amount** to find the **price per unit**:

\$1.00 divided by 2 = **.50** per Pound **This is the better bargain!**

\$2.00 divided by 3 = **.67** per Pound

Dakota is shopping for the following items. Which choice is the better bargain?

1. 3 Pounds of Chicken for \$8.79 or 6 Pounds of Chicken for \$34.08 ?

2. 3 Pounds of Bananas for \$3.51 or 6 Pounds of Bananas for \$9.18 ?

3. 2 Containers of Ice Cream for \$4.52 or 6 Containers of Ice Cream for \$9.12 ? _____

4. 2 Pounds of Carrots for \$2.12 or 3 Pounds of Carrots for \$3.03 ? _____

5. 2 Pounds of Potatoes for \$1.52 or 4 Pounds of Potatoes for \$3.32 ?

